# Package: TSGS (via r-universe)

October 11, 2024

Title Trait Specific Gene Selection using Support Vector Machine and Genetic Algorithm

Version 1.0

Description Obtaining relevant set of trait specific genes from gene expression data is important for clinical diagnosis of disease and discovery of disease mechanisms in plants and animals. This process involves identification of relevant genes and removal of redundant genes as much as possible from a whole gene set. This package returns the trait specific gene set from the high dimensional RNA-seq count data by applying combination of two conventional machine learning algorithms, support vector machine (SVM) and genetic algorithm (GA). GA is used to control and optimize the subset of genes sent to the SVM for classification and evaluation. Genetic algorithm uses repeated learning steps and cross validation over number of possible solution and selects the best. The algorithm selects the set of genes based on a fitness function that is obtained via support vector machines. Using SVM as the classifier performance and the genetic algorithm for feature selection, a set of trait specific gene set is obtained.

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Encoding UTF-8

Imports caret, edgeR, fastmatch, genalg, kernlab, e1071

**Roxygen** list(markdown = TRUE)

RoxygenNote 7.1.1.9001

Repository https://sudhirsrivastava.r-universe.dev

RemoteUrl https://github.com/sudhirsrivastava/tsgs

RemoteRef HEAD

RemoteSha 6ef84dfa892a03678f533410911e039225a4599c

# Contents

 featureSelect Trait specific gene selection using support vector machine and genetic algorithm

#### Description

This function gives the optimal set of informative genes based on RNA-Seq count data

#### Usage

featureSelect(X, y, p = 20, n.iter = 5, alpha = 0.05, p.adj.method = "bonferroni")

#### Arguments

x	X is a G x N data frame of gene expression values (raw count data) where rows represent genes and columns represent samples. Each cell entry represents the read counts of of a gene in a sample (row names of X as gene names or gene ids)
у	y is a N x 1 numeric vector with entries 0 or 1 representing sample labels, where, $0/1$ represents the sample label of samples for two conditions, e.g., 0 for Control and 1 for Case
р	Population size, by default 20
n.iter	The number of iterations, by default 5
alpha	The level of significance, by default 0.05
p.adj.method	Method of adjusting p-values, by default "bonferroni". The other methods available are "BH", "holm", "hochberg", "hommel", "BY".

#### Value

InformativeGene	S
	List of informative genes selected
LogCPM	Log cpm data of informative genes
DEA_Result	Differential Expression Analysis Result of informative genes

## Author(s)

c(person("Md. Samir", "Farooqi", email = "ms.Farooqi@icar.gov.in", role = "aut"), person("K.K.", "Chaturvedi", email = "kk.Chaturvedi@icar.gov.in", role = "aut"), person("D.C.", "Mishra", email = "Dwijesh.Mishra@icar.gov.in", role = "aut"), person("Sudhir", "Srivastava", email = "Sudhir.Srivastava@icar.gov.in", role = c("cre", "aut")))

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## featureSelect

# Examples

```
filename <- system.file("extdata", "exampleData.csv", package = "TSGS")
cdata <- read.csv(filename, header = TRUE, row.names = 1, stringsAsFactors = FALSE)
X <- as.data.frame(cdata[-1,])
y <- as.numeric(cdata[1,])
set.seed(100)
result <- featureSelect(X, y, 20, 2, 0.05, "bonferroni")
gene_list <- result$InformativeGenes
logcpm_data <- result$LogCPM
dea_result <- result$DEA_Result</pre>
```

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